

## TIME TABLE.

The following tables give the time of arrival and departure of passenger trains at Reno:

ARRIVE	TRAIN	DEPART
7:15 a. m.	No. 1. Eastbound Ex.	7:45 a. m.
10:05 a. m.	No. 2. Eastbound Ex.	10:30 a. m.
1:00 p. m.	No. 3. Westbound Ex.	1:30 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	No. 4. Westbound Ex.	4:00 p. m.
6:00 p. m.	No. 5. Local Passenger	6:30 p. m.
7:15 a. m.	No. 1. Virginia Ex.	7:45 a. m.
10:05 a. m.	No. 2. S. F. Express	10:30 a. m.
1:00 p. m.	No. 3. Local Passenger	1:30 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	No. 4. Local Passenger	4:00 p. m.
6:00 p. m.	Express and Freight	6:30 p. m.
7:15 a. m.	Express and Freight	7:45 a. m.

## The Latest Out.


A Daily Through Car Service has been established by the Union Pacific & North Western Line between San Francisco and Chicago via Council Bluffs, thus offering to the public facilities not given by any other line. The Limited Fast Mail which runs daily between the above points, carries the number of first-class passengers without extra charge, and is composed of Pullman Vestibuled Sleepers, San Francisco to Chicago via Council Bluffs, Ogden and Pullman Dining Cars, to Chicago via Council Bluffs. This is another indication that the Union Pacific is desirous of meeting the requirements of the people. For information in regard to this and other trains on this line, apply to J. B. Kirkland, Agent, or E. A. Holbrook, Agent, C. & N. W. Ry., San Francisco, Nov. 29/90.

There is but little, if any danger from whooping cough, when the cough is kept loose and expectoration easy, which can always be done by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger in giving it to children as it contains no injurious substances. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker.

Excellent, reliable and economical are the stoves and ranges sold by Lange & Schmidt, every house and store should have them. Call and inspect before purchasing.

**The Best There Is.**  
A new typewriter has been invented by the party who invented half of the Remington and all of the Caligraph. It has no ribbon, no wooden bars, but is all steel, prints true and without any blur. It costs an even hundred dollars, and is worth two of any other machine. It prints better, wears longer, is easier to learn and works faster, besides other recommendations. C. A. BRAGO, Agent.

**The Best of Pain and Pleasure.**  
The nervous system, often suffers a diminution of vigor, and causes mental annoyance, and even positive disturbance, without disease in the system itself. It acts as a mere reflector, in many cases, of function in the stomach, and consequently of incomplete assimilation of the food by the system. This of course weakens it, in common with the rest of the tissues, and renders it less able to bear without suffering an ordinary strain that would make no impression upon strong nerves. To supply a deficit of strength, and remedy a superabundance in the nerves, is simply a lack of vigor. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is far better adapted than any mere nerve or simple tonic, since the offspring of its use, complete digestion, is the vigorous and early parent of nerve force and quietude. Malarial attacks, rheumatism, bowel, liver and kidney complaints succumb to the Bitters.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A macro 1 purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

**Riverside Flour Mills.**

FOR A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF FLOUR ask for  
**RIVERSIDE.**  
If you want No. 1 Corn Meal ask for  
**RIVERSIDE.**  
For it is always fresh, as we make meal every week.

**OUR GRAHAM FLOUR**  
is very nice.

Rolls Barley and Other Mill Stuff  
In lots to suit.

Pack wheat flour,  
Cracked wheat,  
Hominy,  
Oat meal,  
Rolled Oats,  
Rye Flour

**NO RETAIL.**  
Ask your Grocer for Riverside Flour and Meal.

50 COIN FOR GRAIN.  
**Riverside Mill Co.**

**DANCING SCHOOL.**

MR. AND MRS. F. RINGELHUTH will open dancing school at the Armory Hall on Virginia and Second streets on Nov. 12, 1889. Gentlemen's class will meet every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Ladies' class will meet every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Children's class will meet every Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Single lessons for gentlemen or ladies, 75 cents; four lessons for children, single lesson, 25 cents; four lessons, \$1.

MR. & MRS. F. RINGELHUTH.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Bar silver 96.  
The national surplus is \$48,000,000.  
Buffalo Bill's daughter has married H. S. Bost.  
There will be 151 new members in the next House.  
The weekly bank statement shows a reserve increase of \$106,000; special increase, \$336,000. Banks hold \$1,571,000 in excess of rule.  
The Mexican Central is reducing freight rates to meet the competition of the Inter-ocean. President Diaz is ill, and absent from office.  
Blaine is much better this morning. He is still confined to his bed but expects to leave it during the day and be at the State Department Monday.

## BREVITIES.

**Local and General Intelligence.**  
The Sierra Buttes mine has produced \$5,324,475 when it closed down.  
Don't forget the barber shop in Chase & Church's corner. Two chairs.  
State Treasurer Tully is still in a precarious condition at St. Helena, Cal.  
Lake Tahoe is reported to have raised nearly six inches since the late storm.  
Senator Jones is expected to leave San Francisco for Washington early next month.  
A branch of the Knights of Pythias—the Pythian Sisters—is soon to be organized here.  
The White House is enjoying a fine trade. Why? Because they have good clothing and sell reasonably.  
Roy Hartung stuck a pick in his foot last Monday, the point entering his instep and coming out at the sole. The little fellow bravely stood a painful operation.

Placer county, through its Board of Trade, has resolved to raise \$10,000 to make an exhibit in "California on Wheels," and to hold a Citrus Fair in San Francisco in December.  
**Advocate.** We are informed by J. Fairhead that he raised this season eight tons of fine potatoes on one acre of land on his place near Eagle Lake. This was done on dry land without irrigation.

## True in Every Respect.

P. T. Barnum, who never made a business mistake, has the faculty of telling things forcibly. He says that the man who for many years lives in one community and leads a reputable life, even though he be of moderate ability, will grow in the confidence and esteem of his fellows. On the same principle a newspaper advertisement becomes familiar to the eyes of the readers. It may be seldom read, still it makes the name and business of the man familiar, and its presence in the paper inspires confidence in the stability of his enterprise.

## PERSONAL.

R. L. Fulton is in San Francisco.  
W. S. Bailey was in town yesterday.  
C. A. Jones went to the Bay to see the races.  
Attorney-General J. F. Alexander was in town to-day.  
N. Westcott and wife went to Candalaria this morning from San Francisco.  
J. Pritchett, who left here several months ago, has returned to Reno to reside.

**"Great Advantage to This Whole Section."**  
[Lassen Advocate]  
The RENO GAZETTE has issued an extra edition of 3,000 copies of its Board of Trade issue for general distribution over the State of Nevada. Such an avenue for the dissemination of knowledge of the lands of that State will be of great advantage to this whole section of country, and especially so to the people there.

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than those of sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of the croup, and in turn administered it to her own offspring, and always with the best success. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker.

Ladies' shoes made to order from \$5.00 up at West's, opposite the postoffice. Re-pairing neatly and cheaply done. Give him a call.

Go to Lange & Schmidt for skates—the largest assortment in the State.

**SAMUEL JELLY.**  
Watchmaker,  
—And Importer of—  
Jewelry, Watches, Diamond Work,  
SILVERWARE, ETC.

422 1/2 STREET, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Particular attention given to manufacturing jewelry, and repairing clock, watches, jewelry, etc., etc.

**Real Estate Notice.**  
WM. M. ANDERSON & CO. HAVE opened an office on South Virginia street, opposite W. Sanders' undertaking establishment, Reno, Nevada, where all business pertaining to the purchase and sale of real estate will be attended to on strictly business principles. Money to loan, loans negotiated and collections made on commission. Houses to rent.

NOV. 30. WM. M. ANDERSON & CO.

**WILLIAM DIXON & BROTHER.**  
DEALERS IN  
BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, VEAL, ETC.

Are prepared to furnish the best meats at the lowest living rates. nov30

## PATIENTS POISONED.

### Criminal Carelessness in a Hospital.

### SEVERAL OF THE INMATES DEAD.

Dom Pedro Arrives in London, England.

Corn in Chicago Experiences Quite a Fall.

### Refuge Quarantines Suggested.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Surgeon-General Hamilton of the Marine Hospital Service submitted to the Pan-American Congress a paper on the sanitary of the ships and of quarantine. He regards it of universal interest that the United States be circumscribed and eradicate at the beginning diseases which produce pestilence. It is essential, said the Doctor, that certain international refuge quarantines be established as near as possible to the definite routes of travel. To these stations all infected vessels should be obliged to repair before entry into the country of destination. All port sanitary authorities should have the right to send suspected vessels to the nearest international refuge station. Dr. Hamilton recommended the following stations for the present: On the coast of the United States, one at Tortugas Keys and one at Chandelour Island; coast of Mexico, near Vera Cruz; Central American coast, near Colon; Caribbean coast, near Cayman; near Antilles, Port au Prince; Brazilian coast, the mouth of the Amazon; near Para; Uruguayan and Argentine Confederation, at the mouth of the Rio de La Plata; Chilean coast, near Valparaiso; Peruvian coast, near Callao; United States of Columbia, near Panama; western coast of Mexico, near Acapulco, and one near Santiago; western coast of the United States, in addition to the one at San Diego, one at San Francisco and one near Port Townsend.

### Dom Pedro in London.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Portuguese steamer Alagoas, with ex-Emperor Dom Pedro and party on board, arrived here this morning. All the members of the party were well. Upon the arrival of the Alagoas at St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, an attempt was made to interview Dom Pedro concerning the events of his deposition and exile. He declined, however, to enter into any discussion relative to the revolution, but stated that he had been treated with utmost kindness throughout. The Alagoas will proceed for Lisbon tomorrow. When the steamer arrived at St. Vincent she was flying the new flag of the United States of Brazil. The flag remained flying until the Brazilian Vice-Consul boarded her and informed the Captain that the Provisional Government had given instructions that the old flag was to be hoisted at St. Vincent and Lisbon. The officers of the steamer, not having direct orders from Rio Janeiro, declined to make the change. They, however, immediately sent a dispatch to Rio Janeiro asking orders relative to the flag, and pending their arrival the Alagoas flies no flag at all. The Alagoas was conveyed in four and a half day from Rio Janeiro by a Brazilian man-of-war. The war-ship was much slower than the Alagoas, and the latter's passage was much longer than it would otherwise have been. Fine weather was experienced all the way from Rio Janeiro to St. Vincent.

**Inspector Baker's Action Approved.**  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, Nov. 30.—Assistant Secretary Tschoner has approved the action of Inspector G. W. Baker in the case of the two Chinese laborers who smuggled into the United States from Gyeon, Canada, and were captured by him in North Dakota, nearly thirty miles from the boundary line. The men were arrested by the direction of the Inspector and taken before the United States Commissioner, and it is being proved that they entered the country illegally. They were taken across the boundary line and delivered to the foreign customs authorities.

**Corn on a Toboggan Slide.**  
By Associated Press.  
Chicago, Nov. 30.—Everybody was scared when the Board of Trade opened this morning and waited for somebody else to make a price for November corn, which closed yesterday at 55. Manipulators of the corner suggested it was worth 60, and that was the opening. Then it began to go down the toboggan slide, and at 11 o'clock stood at 54, a clean fall of 26 cents.

## The Beef Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Senator Vest's Committee, which has been investigating the dressed beef business, resumed the examination of witnesses this morning.

P. D. Armour of Chicago was the first witness. He said he had been in the beef business all his life. The dressed beef business began to be important ten years ago. For two or three years it had not been remunerative. Methods had to be studied and the business learned. In 1881 or 1882 it had become a paying business. Prices are lower now than they were when the dressed beef business started. In range cattle the decrease in price had not been so great.

Armour was asked to what he attributed the decrease in price. He said that he had prepared a written statement, in which he would give his views.

W. J. Quinn, one of Armour's "young men," as he termed him, read a long statement, which included the figures of the business for a term of years, and a comparison of prices at Chicago in 1883 and 1889. The latter was asserted. In the paper was shown a reduction in the prices of canned beef products of 50 per cent.

In conclusion, the statement denied that Armour & Co. engaged in any combination whatever to fix the price to be paid for cattle or a price for which the product should be sold.

In the abstract given of the dressed beef business of Armour & Co. during 1888, the year in which it was alleged, according to this statement, the profits were immense, and in which public agitation occurred, resulting in the appointment of the committee conducting the investigation.

This abstract showed that 340,050 head had been dressed, on which the net profit was \$418,105, an average of \$132 per head.

Resuming his oral testimony, Armour said that overproduction and overmarketing were responsible for the decrease in prices.

Vest asked the witness if the Chicago markets did not control the prices.

The witness replied that he did not think so. It is the largest market, and, of course, influences prices at other places. Chicago prices regulate prices largely.

Senator Vest, in reading from the annual report of the Chicago stock yards for 1888, called the attention of the witness to the fact that in 1881 there were marketed there 1,498,000 cattle, which brought \$183,000,000, and in 1888 there were 2,611,000 cattle, sold for \$182,000,000.

How do you account for that?

It is in accordance with my statement, said Armour. The growth of the amount of cattle marketed largely exceeded the growth of the population.

In response to this Vest presented a statement showing the increase of cattle and the population ran along in about the same proportion.

The attention of witness was directed to his statement of prices of hides upon the free list, resulting in large importations of them. Vest stated that the hides were placed on the free list in 1872, while the table of prices in the statement begins with 1875.

Vest then discussed with the witness a combination of the packers to fix prices to prevent a decline from over supply.

Witness said this combination included other packers and they all made the same prices.

Well then, don't you destroy the operations of the law of supply and demand? No, sir; I don't think we do.

With whom do you fix these prices? That I decline to state until after consulting my attorney, responded the witness.

Armour admitted being a member of the hog-packing pool of 1886 in Chicago.

### Hospital Patients Poisoned.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 30.—Poison instead of medicine was given to a number of the inmates of the Belin Hospital Thursday night. Four persons have died and several are not expected to recover. The nurse and two students in charge of the ward have been arrested.

The train robbers who escaped at Guaymas were captured yesterday at Guadalajara.

### Not Van Tassel.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—Definite news has been received from Honolulu that the man who made the parachute descent on the 16th inst. and fell into the ocean and was devoured by sharks was not Professor Van Tassel, but one Joseph Lawrence. Lawrence, for hire, was traveling under the name of Van Tassel and representing himself as the Professor's brother.

## SPEAKER REED.

### Nominated on the Second Ballot.

### ANOTHER NORMAN SET BACK.

The Endowment House Oath Disqualifies.

The Bodies of the Boston Firemen Burned to Ashes.

### Reed Nominated for Speaker.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—At noon today the Republican caucus was called to order. Henderson of Illinois was chosen Chairman. The roll developed the presence of 163 members, four less than the entire Republican strength in the House.

The first business was the adoption of a resolution that balloting for Speakership be open.

First ballot—Reed 78, McKinley 39, Cannon 22, Burrows 10 and Henderson 16.

On the second ballot Reed received 84 votes, thus receiving the nomination. The second ballot was—Reed 86, McKinley 36, Cannon 19, Burrows 15 and Henderson 9, so Reed was declared to have received the caucus nomination.

Voting down a motion to take a recess until evening, the caucus immediately proceeded to select a nominee for Clerk, and various candidates were presented in short speeches.

The result of the first ballot was the election of McPherson of Pennsylvania, who received 116, to 60 for Carson of Pennsylvania.

A. J. Holmes, ex-representative from Iowa, and A. H. Reed of Minnesota were candidates for Sergeant-at-Arms. Holmes was elected by a vote of 142, to 13 for Reed.

The candidates for doorkeeper were Charles W. Adams of Maryland and James A. Wheat of Wisconsin. Adams was nominated by one majority.

### Summing Up the Evidence.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—At the opening of the Cronin trial this morning, State Attorney Longnecker resumed his address to the jury. He went over the testimony regarding the meetings of Camp 20, Clan na Gael, at which it was charged that Cronin was a spy; of Beggs' defense of Alexander Sullivan; of Caughlin trying to poison the minds of patriotic Irishmen against Cronin. Summing up this section of the case, he said: "Singular, it is not, that on the 8th day of February a motion was made for a committee in Camp 20; on the 17th of February Senior Guardian Beggs is writing about the matter to Edward Spellman; on the 17th he again writes about it; and on the 19th a flat is rented at 119 Clark street. On the 20th a carpet is nailed down; on the 22d of February Beggs defends the triangle, and on the first day of March this man, Caughlin, who is on trial now for his life, denounces Dr. Cronin as a spy."

The State's attorney proceeded by saying that it was in evidence that Beggs reported to Spellman on April 29th, saying that the Cronin matter had been amicably settled, and he proceeded to point out that this amicable settlement meant that arrangements had been completed for the murder. Proceeding to trace the hiring of the flat on Clark street, he showed the connection of Burke and Kunze therewith.

During this Kunze rose and said "That's a lie."

### Burned to Ashes.

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—The work of searching for the remains of the four lost firemen continued all night. Now it is believed that they have been burned to ashes.

Officer Maynes died of his injuries this morning.

The work of pulling down the dangerous walls is proceeding.

### Another Black Eye for the Mormons.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 30.—Judge Anderson to-day delivered a decision in the matter of the application of Mormons who had taken the endowment house oath for admission to citizenship. The decision reviews the testimony at length and denies the application.

### Nitro Glycerine Explodes.

Oil City, Pa., Nov. 30.—At 2:10 this afternoon Harper's nitro glycerine works in Deep Hollow exploded with terrible force. Two men are reported killed and several fatally injured.

## E. C. NORTHROP—DRY GOODS.

### Grand Display of New Goods

### E. C. NORTHROP'S Popular Dry Goods Store.

Having just unpacked and placed in order one of the largest and best assorted stock of goods ever brought to the town, I am now ready to serve my friends and patrons.

### Dress Goods Line,

There is nothing lacking, and ladies desiring to purchase anything will find it a handsome line to select from, together with a complete assortment of

Plushes, Velvets, Fancy and Plain Silks for Trimming.

### LINENS!

This branch of my business cannot be surpassed, as I deal with the largest and best house on the Coast.

### SPECIAL BARGAINS

Will be handed out to those in need of anything in this line

### CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

Everybody should come to see the new styles, and a quantity of new and desirable goods, whether they wish to purchase or not. Remember no trouble to show goods, and we will prove it to anyone who wishes to look at them.

### House Furnishing Goods!

I have just bought a bankrupt stock of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Blinds, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Curtains, Etc.

And will offer these at prices at least 20 per cent. less than they are sold any other place in town.

Handsomely Patterned in Velvet Carpet, \$1.50 per yard.

### Now is the Time to Buy Goods!

While they are down to the bed rock. Come at once.

### E. C. NORTHROP

### MADSON'S,

OPPOSITE SUNDERLAND'S, if you want your watch repairing thoroughly done at reasonable rates. oct14

### REMOVAL!

H. LETER, - MERCHANT TAILOR, Removed to west side of Virginia street, between Second and Commercial Row.

Suits made to order from \$22 50 upwards. Overcoats from \$22.50 upwards. Pants from \$6.50 upwards. PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED OR NO SALE.

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEVADA. oct19 IN RUSSAK'S PLACE



The marvelous popularity of our Ladies' Shoes with stylish trade is easily accounted for. It is a simple story of well cut patterns and correctly modeled lasts. Furthermore we stitch and hammer the best shoemaking into every pair. Our new styles in Winter Shoes have just arrived. Your selection should be now.

### Kast's

738-740 Market St., San Francisco, Cal

Country orders our specialty. Catalogue sent free.



PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
A. C. BRADDOCK, A. D. FORSTER,  
BRADDOCK & FORSTER, Proprietors.  
BUREAU OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily, one year (by mail) \$5.00  
Weekly, one year (by mail) \$2.00  
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of  
Reno (per week) \$1.00  
RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
Daily, one square for one month \$1.50  
Weekly, one square for one month \$1.00  
Saturday..... November 30, 1889

## 5 O'CLOCK EDITION

### What Water Costs.

From a profusely illustrated article on "The New Croton Aqueduct," by Charles Barnard, in the December Century, we quote the following: "It is a curious commentary on the demands of modern civilization to observe the effect of building this dam. The million people in the city need a reserve of drinking water. The entire area to be taken for the reservoir is 1471 acres. Twenty-one dwellings, three saw and grist mills, a sash and blind factory and a carriage factory must be torn down and removed. A mile and a quarter of railroad must be relaid, and six miles of country road must be abandoned. A road twenty-three miles long will extend around the two lakes, and a border or 'safety margin' three hundred feet wide will be cleared all around the edge to prevent any contamination of the water. This safety border will include a carriage road, and all the rest will be laid down in grass. As the dam rises the water will spread wider over fields, farms and roads. Every tree will be cut down and carried away. Every building will be carted off, and the cellars burned out and filled with clean soil to prevent any possibility of injuring the water. Fortunately there is no cemetery within the limits of the land taken for the reservoir. Had there been one it would have been completely removed before the water should cover the ground. Fifty-eight persons and corporations, holding one hundred and eleven parcels of land, will be dispossessed in order to clear the land for the two lakes and the dams, roads and safety borders.

CONCERNING the unveiling of the monument of the late A. J. Stevens, the Bee contains the following: "There is one lesson which springs from the life of this man, as sturdy trees from good seed, and that is this—Labor is the only true nobility. In comparison with that one great and fundamental principle, all others are but the gingerbread of thought. That idea, which was such a prominent bud in the life of deceased, should now be made to blossom and bear the fruit that should follow such a good example.

Senator Stanford has well said that our children and our children's children should be taught that labor is ennobling and idleness degrading. And how can it better be taught than by example? The life of A. J. Stevens was a consistent pattern for those who will follow after him. And the lesson, too, that will be conveyed is one which too many of our laboring men have not yet learned, and that is that the true nobility of labor is as much that of the head and brain as that of the muscles. In fact, the later labors of him whom they have honored so much were all of the intellect. The laborer is no more he who swings the sledge hammer than he who wields the pen. Each performs his allotted task in life. Each is a true Knight of Labor. Each deserves more of mankind than all the kings and nobles who ever disgraced humanity in pampered idleness.

If this lesson can be taught the people and bear fruit, the man honored to-day will not have died in vain. Our sons have to learn that it is no discredit to work, but that it is the filler who is a parasite and an incubus. Our daughter—whose common sense, we are sorry to say, is getting weaker and weaker every day—want to be taught the "greasy mechanic" whom they affect to despise is more of a man than all the butterflies of fashion on this side of the Atlantic and all the noble vagrants on the other."

DELEGATES to the National Silver Convention from California, Nevada, Texas and Montana, adopted a resolution urging their members of the Fifty-First Congress to vote for no man for Speaker of the House whose record does not prove him a consistent friend of the movement for the restoration of silver.

ADVISED BY MEMBERS.  
Mrs. Winslow's SCORCHING SYRUP should always be used for children's teething. It soothes the child, reduces the gums, always cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-two cents a bottle. 17

### ROUTE DOGS AND CATS.

Specimens of Both Live in Scranton, Pa. If These Stories Are True.

A man in the southern part of Scranton, writes a New York Tribune correspondent, missed several of his young black Hamburg chickens early in the summer, and for awhile he laid the theft to a neighbor's big cat, but finally caught the culprit, and it wasn't the old cat. It was a black and tan dog that belonged to a family five blocks away, and it seized a downy little chicken and ran off with it right before the eyes of the astonished owner. He chased the dog, but soon lost sight of it. In a day or so the dog returned and stole another chicken. This time the man traced the dog to its home, and caught it with the chicken in its possession. The family begged him not to kill their children's pet, paid him for all the chickens he had lost, and saved the dog's life.

A small Scotch terrier belonging to a man who lives near one of the Scranton hotels got in the notion early in the summer of following the hotel omnibus to the railroad stations. He came near being run over one morning, and after that the driver scared the dog back whenever he started to tag along behind the vehicle. There was a good hiding place under the hotel veranda, and in it the dog kept shady until the driver had loaded his seat. Then he stole out, and before the omnibus had got fairly under way, he hopped upon the rear step and hung like a nailer as the omnibus jolted and rumbled over the rough wooden pavement down to the station. Before the driver had time to get down the dog was mingling with the crowd, where he stayed until the driver was ready to start back, when he sought his perch again. The cunning animal had done this a number of times before the driver found it out from a gentleman who had been watching the dog, and it pleased the driver so much that he let the dog have his own way after that, and the interesting brute continues to ride back and forth on the step.

A Jefferson township farmer owns a she cat which, whenever the swallows begin to fly low just before a rain during the summer, steals away to a covered drain by the roadside, hiding herself in the open end. From the little walled space she can look far down the road and see the swallows as they sail along close to the surface, but the birds can't see her. When they get almost over the spot puss springs out and pulls down a swallow with as much certainty and grace as the fielders of the New York giants pull down fly balls.

Druggist John H. Phelps has a mother cat with a peculiar habit, formed when her three kittens were old enough to lap milk, early in the season. Milk for them all was poured into a small mortar in the rear of the store. The heads of the three kittens took up about all the space there was. Several times the old cat tried to get her nose in the mortar while her little ones were lapping the milk, but she found that she would have to push one of the kittens aside if she did so. After having watched the kittens for a minute or two, the mother cat very carefully and slowly pushed her left paw between two of them, touched the milk gently, and then pulled her paw out and licked the milk off. She kept this up until the kittens had got their fill and moved back to wash their faces, and even then she stuck in her paw and licked it off. The habit grew upon her, and when the kittens were in the cellar she would come upstairs and poke her paw into the milk and lick it off for forty or fifty times in succession. Puss has never lapped milk since.

The Fate of the Buffalo.  
Twenty years ago there roamed over the plains and mountains of the far West nearly 8,000,000 buffaloes. To-day there are less than 500 head of the animals in existence. There are but eighty-five head of wild buffaloes, 304 alive in captivity, and about 200 under the protection of the Government in Yellowstone Park. There is also said to be about 500 head in the British possessions, north of Montana, but this is rumor. Of the eighty-five head of wild buffaloes which are known to exist, twenty-five are in Texas, twenty in Colorado, twenty-six in Wyoming, ten in Montana and four in Dakota. The statistics have been carefully gathered by the officials of the Smithsonian Institution, and it is absolutely known that the number stated comprise all the wild buffaloes of the world. The skeletons of the numerous herds of a score of years ago are bleaching on the Western plains, a tribute to the powers of the American Nimrod.

How the Duchess Managed It.  
The orthography of our great-grandmothers was uncertain. The old Duchess of Gordon used to say to her cronies: "You know, my dear, when I don't know how to spell a word I always draw a line under it, and if it is spelled wrong it passes for a very good joke, and if it is spelled right it doesn't matter."

The Luck of Inventors.  
The inventor of the new smokeless powder is a millionaire who lives on the royalty of the German Government. The man who invented architecture as a substitute for war has to work 955 days in the year for a living.

## FOLSOM & WELLS,

Keep everything in the line of

Hardware, Groceries and General Provisions.

THEY SELL AT BED-ROCK PRICES.

And Guarantee Satisfaction. Their Stock is Second to None in either Quality or Assortment.

GIVE THEM A CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

H. J. THYES,

..... WHOLESALE DEALER IN .....

WINE, LIQUOR AND CIGARS. FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Reno, Nevada. Sole Agent for the State of Nevada for Schmidt & Co's Sarsaparilla and Iron Water from Stockton, Cal. And various Mineral Water and Ginger Ale from Idaho Soda Springs. I also handle Sierra Beer from Boca, Cal., exclusively. Trade and Families supplied. Goods delivered free of charge in town.

First-Class Sideboard.

### MISCELLANEOUS

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is a peculiar medicine. It is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite and builds up the system.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such has become its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time. Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other Sarsaparillas or blood purifiers.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Sold by Druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.  
100 Doses One Dollar.



**SYRUP OF FIGS**  
Combines the juice of the Blue Figs of California, so laxative and nutritious, with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming the ONLY PERFECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the

**KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS**  
—AND TO—  
Cleanse the System Effectually.

**PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH AND STRENGTH**  
Naturally follow. Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS. Manufactured only by the  
**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N. Y.

**H. FISHER & CO.,**  
California Steam Candy Factory.

Tools and Supplies

Confectioners & Bakers.

A full line of Tools kept constantly on hand.

508 and 510 J Street,  
SACRAMENTO, - CAL.

**Pleasant-Valley Coal.**

**J. H. BLACK HAS PURCHASED THE Business**

Of the Pleasant Valley Coal Company for Reno, and is prepared to supply the demand in any quantity.

Orders left on the tables at the Postoffice A. H. Manning's, Nasby's, Folsom & Wells or John Bell's barber shop, will receive prompt attention.

C. NOVACOVICH. H. T. BERRY.

**BERRY & NOVACOVICH,**

DEALERS IN

**FANCY GROCERIES**

Green and Dried Fruits, Vegetables, Hardware, Crockery, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN FANCY Groceries. No need to send away for choice goods. Cash trade solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

### C. W. BOOTON—OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE.

## THE OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE.

## Fall \* Announcements!

IT IS NOW GENERALLY CONCEDED BY MEN OF SCIENCE who attend to all the weather experiment stations on this coast that this locality in particular is going to be very cold this winter. In consequence of these indications,

## C. W. BOOTON

Went to San Francisco and spent the past two weeks purchasing a Stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

The giganticness of which cannot be fully realized in any way but by calling to see it at the OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE, and will only say that the

Prices at which he intends to sell his new stock will be unprecedented

in the history of dry goods in Reno, as "Quick Sales and Small Profits" is his motto in business.

To enumerate his stock and give it entire justice he should have all the columns of a newspaper devoted to his advertisement only, but as he cannot get any more room in the columns of this paper, he will only enumerate some of his special heavy importations.

First—His stock of

### Men's Underwear

At the following prices, note them:  
20 dozen of men's white merino shirts and drawers at 35c each, regular price, 75 cents.  
31 dozen of men's silver grey shirts and drawers at 75c each, regular price, \$1.00.  
49 dozen of men's shirts and drawers, California grey, at \$1.00 each, regular price, \$2.00.  
52 dozen Virginia & Truckee shirts and drawers, all-wool, at \$1.50 each, regular price, \$2.00.  
These goods are of special value and sell on sight. See them.  
334 dozen extra heavy shirts and drawers, Oregon Mills manufacture, at \$2.00 each. These goods would be counted cheap at \$3.35 dozen Norfolk and New Brunswick brown vicuna at \$2.50 each generally sold for \$3.50 each.  
50 dozen men's seamless Rockford socks at \$1.50 per dozen that are being sold everywhere in this city for \$3.00 per dozen.

## An Endless Variety of Ladies', Misses and Children's Undeawear,

In all grades. In the Comforter and Blanket Line

It is well known he is headquarters for those goods. Comforters ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each. Golden Gate white and colored blankets are a specialty.

### In the Clothing Department

He carries a complete and well-selected stock. Note a few of his specialties in this line, viz: 25 suits of men's, all-wool, English colored corkscrew, custom-made at only \$20.00 a suit, usually retailed for \$35. A fine line of black corkscrew suits at \$20.00. A fine line of mixed English cheviot suits at \$18.00. A very fine line of black corkscrew suits at \$12.50 a suit. The usual price asked for these goods in the city is \$17.00.

## A Large Assortment of Hats and Caps Always on Hand.

### In the Dress Goods Department

He has added a fine and well-selected stock of all the leading shades of French armures, French broadsides and English chevots, which are offered at prices that defy competition.

### In the Shoe Department

It is well known that he is the only agent in this city for the

## Famous Nolan Brothers' Shoes.

He has also in stock Cahn, Nickleburg & Co's fine shoes, whose make are now very popular.

## Calicoes and Gingham

In Endless Variety.

Having purchased the above goods for CASH ONLY, is a sure guarantee that he can sell goods at a lower price than any house that purchases goods on long time.

To convince yourself that all the above statements are correct call at the

Opera House One-Price Cash Dry Goods Store,

C. W. BOOTON, - Proprietor.

### MISCELLANEOUS

**W. O. H. MARTIN,**  
Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada,  
DEALER IN  
Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire, Steel  
Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,  
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS  
Buckeye and All Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.  
AGENT FOR EMPIRE MOWER. coldwit

## GRAND OPENING!

Of Fall and Winter Styles

I am prepared to show the most extensive and well selected stock of  
**Merchant Tailoring Goods**  
Everbrought to Reno, and at LOW PRICES  
Business suits made to order, \$25 upward.  
Pants to order, \$7 up.  
Overcoats made up in the latest American fashion for \$25 up.  
All work done here under my own supervision, and a fit guaranteed.  
I have also an extensive stock of

Furnishing Goods, Lovely Assortment Hats, Silk  
And WOOLLEN SHIRTS, TRUNKS and VALISES, and prices lower than ever or elsewhere. My price will compare with the times.  
S. JACOBS. 16 and 18 Virginia Street, Reno.

## RICHARD HERZ.

Headquarters for  
WATCHES,  
DIAMONDS,  
JEWELRY.  
The Largest  
—AND—  
Finest Stock,  
—LOWEST PRICES



## Headquarters

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Carpets,  
**F. LEVY & BRO.**

Are exhibiting the finest in the State. Everybody can get suited. One price to all

## W. PINNIGER, DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

Corner Commercial Row and Virginia Street.  
Carries a Complete Stock of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Toilet Articles, Crutones, Bandages, Trusses, Etc.

Prescriptions a Specialty Reasonable Prices Throughout.

N. B.—The proprietor has succeeded to the prescription department of Mr. C. M. Fassett, and will promptly fill repetitions.

### BANKING AND INSURANCE.

D. A. BENDER, President. GEO. W. MAPES, Vice-President. C. T. BENDER, Cashier. GEO. H. TAYLOR, Asst. Cashier.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

RENO, - - - NEVADA.

Cash Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$75,000

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold.

### PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:

BANK OF CALIFORNIA, San Francisco. NAT. BANK D. O. MILLS & CO., Sacramento. AM. EXCHANGE NAT. BANK, New York. CONTINENTAL NAT. BANK, Chicago, Ill. BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., London. BANCA GENERALE, Genoa, Italy.

### DIRECTORS:

W. O. H. MARTIN, D. A. BENDER, A. H. MANNING, GEO. W. MAPES, C. T. BENDER.

## THE BANK OF NEVADA

RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Stock Fully Subscribed, - - \$300,000

Will buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London and the principal Eastern and European cities.

### OFFICERS:

M. D. FOLEY, President. M. MEYER, Cashier. R. S. OSBORN, Assistant Cashier.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

DANIEL MEYER, of San Francisco. GEORGE RUSSELL, of Elko. M. D. FOLEY, of Elko.

M. E. WARD, J. N. EVANS, C. C. FOWNING, L. ABRAHAMSON, of Reno.

### STOCKHOLDERS:

Daniel Meyer, M. Brown, L. Brown, of San Francisco; Russell & Bradley, of Elko; M. D. Foley, H. Donnelly, W. E. Griffin, John Torrey, H. Johnson, of Elko; Frank Golden, of Virginia City; Matt Healey, of Susanville; Theo. H. Winters, of Washoe Valley; R. M. Clarke, of Carson; J. H. Whitford, of Wadsworth; C. C. Fowning, J. N. Evans, A. Benson, R. F. Robb, L. Abrahamson, A. Abrahamson, W. H. Gould, Sol. Levy, M. E. Ward, R. S. Osborn, R. H. Lind, W. D. Phillips, E. Cohn, T. V. Jones, L. J. Flint, J. A. Mitchell, Francis Barker, of Reno.

Will transact a general Banking Business. Mining and other stock bought and sold on commission. Agents for several first-class Insurance Companies.

## Reno Livery Stable,

JOHN POTHOFF, Prop'r

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

Livery and Feed Stable.

First-class turnouts at reasonable prices.

Transient Stock Carefully Fed and Shod.

## TRUCKEE

Livery and Feed Stable

RENO, NEVADA

T. K. HYMERS, Proprietor

FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS AND FINEST Saddle Horses. Careful attention given to transient stock. Boarders carefully looked after.



## ABLE ADDRESS.

### History and Purpose of Agricultural Experiment Stations.

The following address was delivered by Professor DeVol at the Teachers' Institute in Virginia City yesterday:

The first law of nature is self-preservation: gaining of subsistence. Therefore, those industries most closely related to the production of food are the most vital. With a failure of the earth to yield up its fruits comes famine and death. With bountiful harvests come new life and happiness. With the development of agriculture comes more bountiful harvests, and from this increased productivity comes progress. The whole advancement of civilization depends primarily upon the fruitfulness of the soil. All life, materially speaking, ever has been, and always must be, drawn from the bosom of Mother Earth. Although we may claim that the flesh of animals, or the fishes of the sea and the birds of the air feed us, they must at last look to the heritage of the earth for their sustenance. It has been said that "all flesh is grass," and it is literally true. Wherever we may look for the great "first cause" of life there is one thing certain, viz.: the "physical basis" of life is found in the soil, and for the continuance of life we must look to the soil.

However free and independent we may feel, there is one voice we are bound to heed: the appeal of hunger. Though all the riches of the Comstock and the gems of South Africa are to be had, and there be no food, they are as nothing. Hunger acknowledges but two sovereigns, one upon either hand, and to one of the other he submits quickly. Nourishing food causes him to flee as a shadow from the sunlight. If food comes not to the rescue this subject is led but a short way before death demands his own. I do not need to ask to which of these we would have hunger submit. The question is how to get the food. The solution of the question, so far as man is concerned, began with the life of man upon the earth. With the increase of human life upon the surface of the globe, the primitive industries of hunting, fishing and gathering wild fruits, nuts, roots and herbs were found incapable of supplying the immediate needs of the race, and the art of agriculture came into existence; and, as the wants of man increased, and civilization dawned, agriculture continued to develop, each keeping pace with the other. And when the soil became less productive, or, rather, when the tillers of the soil failed to reap remunerative harvests, there was a corresponding check to the progress of civilization. For proof of this we need only look to the ancient Empires. Take Rome, for example. We know that in her palmy days there was great voluptuousness; that her citizens were deep in all sorts of social vices, and to these causes we are in the habit of laying her downfall. But there is a potent factor found in the neglect and abandonment of her fields, the failure of her lands to yield abundant harvests, and in the general decadence and neglect of rural pursuits.

I do not say that this is the only cause, but it is one, and an important one, leading to the fall of Rome. Recognizing this historical fact, may we not see an application to our present needs? I think so. The fact that, with continuous cropping, the soil became less productive was evident early in the history of agriculture. But the reason, scientifically speaking, was not known. That something was taken away was conjectured, but what was that something? How could it be economically returned? Not until science was called in to aid could the mystery be solved. And then, when the aid of science was obtained, her workings and her disclosures were regarded with distrust. It is time that some wild dreams were whistled and some equally wild theories promulgated by the early scientists and quasi-scientists, thus furnishing some reason for distrust. The theories of science and the practice of practical men must go hand in hand if lasting good is to be obtained. And not the important results obtained by the research of scientific men were taken hold of by practical men, until the most progressive and successful farmers of today recognize that the art of agriculture is based upon science, and that to go contrary to the laws of science is to invite failure.

It was about 1840 that Baron Liebig, the famous German chemist, began publishing some of the results of his investigations, showing the relations between chemistry and plant life. He showed that the persistent harvesting of a particular crop from one field would gradually exhaust it if some of the chemical elements contained in it that were necessary to the growth of the plants, and that the soil would thereupon become unproductive. This common-place fact, now recognized by all of us, was a great new light at that time, and a number of enthusiastic workers enlisted in this particular field. Careful and painstaking investigations were carried on by private individuals in Germany, France and England. Then came what has been styled the "New Era" in agriculture, marked by the establishment of the first Agricultural Experiment Station at Moecklen, Saxony, by a society of farmers, soon aided by the Government. The value of this station was at once recognized, and within two years a second was established at Chemnitz, Saxony. Others followed rapidly, until to-day there are within the German Empire over eighty agricultural experiment stations in successful operation. In the different European countries there are about 130 of these stations.

The practical Englishman was but little behind the scientific German, and while Liebig was making his researches in agricultural chemistry, a prominent English nobleman, imbued with the spirit of liberality and having some idea of the importance of work in the open field, set aside a part of his land for this practical work. This man was Sir Joseph Bennett Lawes, and upon Broadbent field practical work in the growing of certain farm crops has been conducted for upwards of 40 years. Soon after beginning his

work Sir Lawes associated with him a young chemist, Prof. Gilbert, and the field work and laboratory work have been carried on side by side. In this laboratory and upon this field a few young students are permitted each year to work under the guidance of Prof. Gilbert, and English lord and Scotch peasant may be found working there side by side, neither having privileges not granted the other. Sir Lawes, finding the benefits to agriculture great, has set aside for this work additional land as the needs grew, and provided from his private wealth for meeting the expenses for an indefinite length of time.

The British Government, seeing the value of this kind of work to the progress of her people, has established in various places in the kingdom experiment stations and agricultural schools.

Now, a few words concerning the history of experiment stations in the United States. Of course, the first efforts to have stations started in this country, made by a few of the most foreseeing farmers and economists, were unavailing. The boundless area of rich farming lands, yielding almost measureless crops for the asking, intercepted the view of the ordinary farmer and legislator to such a measure that nothing beyond the present harvest was seen. The necessity for a better knowledge of agriculture and other methods that lay beyond this present enormous crop, was not apparent. Not until 1873 did the movement for the establishment of an experiment station in Connecticut take such form as to give visible results, and then only indirectly and after two years, for the bill providing for the establishment of the station failed to become a law. Then the veteran agricultural editor and philanthropist, Orange Judd, who built the *American Agriculturist*, for so many years the foremost agricultural monthly, and now proprietor and editor of the *Orange Judd Farmer*, a leading agricultural weekly published at Chicago, this man, at this time a member of the Board of Trustees of Wesleyan College, induced them to offer the free use of one of the college laboratories, and contributed personally \$1,000 toward the establishment of an agricultural experiment station. The Legislature then came to his aid, an appropriation was made and early in 1876 the first American experiment station began operation. About a year later a station was established in North Carolina. The same year the University of California began experimental work, and in 1879 Cornell University. These were followed by one in New Jersey in 1880. In 1881 New York established a station. In April, 1882, the Ohio station was established. Massachusetts, Tennessee, Alabama and Wisconsin enlisted, and in 1885 Maine, Kentucky and Louisiana followed. Congress next passed the bill known as the Hatch Act, by which \$15,000 is appropriated annually to each State and Territory having established or that will establish an agricultural experiment station. Every State, I believe, accepted the conditions and has established one, and some of them two or more stations, the total number being about 50.

The Nevada Agricultural Experiment Station is one of these, established by an act of the Legislature, approved February 9, 1889, and located at the State University, the land of the University not needed for the purpose of a campus being put at its disposal. Unfortunately this ground has been found ill-suited to the work designed and it will be necessary to obtain the use of other lands. The Board of Regents of the University constitute the Board of Control of the station. This station spent a great deal of money preparing to do the work for which it was established, and field work with growing crops was begun last April. Now that we have these agricultural experiment stations scattered over the face of this fair land, for what purpose are they there? What end is it expected that they will serve? How is that end to be reached? We have here this Nevada Agricultural Experiment Station. It is provided with a comfortable building and good laboratories, and lands are to be put at its service. There are employed there specialists in various branches of science, especially as they relate to agriculture. What is it all for? In the first place, these things are provided for the purpose of solving some of the difficult problems of agriculture by means of thorough investigation and experimentation, expending thought and time and money that the farmer cannot afford to do, and bringing to bear upon the subjects under consideration, the power of the sciences of chemistry, botany, entomology, zoology, geology and meteorology. For this the specialists are required. In the next place, the methods employed and the results obtained, whether successes or failures, are to be published and sent out all over the land in order to reach the farmers and teach them the lessons the work contains. In this station is an educational institution, and the lessons it teaches are of the most vital importance. They deal directly with problems involved in the feeding of our people. Should the farmers of the Carson or the Washoe valley plant bananas for profit? Why, no; of course not. That is easily answered. Shall he sow wheat? Yes. What kinds? Spring and fall. What varieties? Any of the common ones of this part of the country. These are easy questions. But what particular varieties will yield the largest profit? That is an open question and can't be answered satisfactorily. The station should help answer it. Other questions are, what fruits, and what varieties should we grow? What potatoes, and how best to cultivate? When to cut and how best to cure alfalfa? How to check the ravages of the insect pest now smothering upon us is a live question. What is the disease affecting the potatoes in many localities? What the cause? What the remedy? What the chemical composition of the different soils, and how do they affect the crops. What the meteorological conditions under which the best crops may be grown? What the limits, maximum and minimum, to which water can profitably be applied in irrigation? What trees are best suited to this State? How best to grow them? What the purity and germinating qualities of the seeds brought into this State? I might go on indefinitely asking questions that suggest themselves as proper for the investigation of the experiment station. Such of these as appear to be most vital and for the solution of which we are best equipped at the station, we are endeavoring to solve. In most cases the work is a long and tedious one; but the people must not become impatient. It takes several years for a tree to grow and bear fruit.

Once into bearing, however, something good may be expected from it each season. No agricultural experiment station once thoroughly established has ever been abandoned. The farmer, the people for whom it was created, would never permit it to discontinue.

Agriculture is the largest industry of the United States, as well as the most important. Although not quite 29 per cent. of the total area of the United States has been taken up in farm lands, and only a little over 15 per cent of the whole is under cultivation or improved, including pasture lands, nearly half our people (about 30,000,000) are engaged in this pursuit. More than half the taxes are paid by the farmer. More than half our great men came from the farm. Although few callings have made such rapid progress within the last half century as has agriculture, it is yet in a state of crudity seen in few other industries. The opportunities for growth are greater than we can comprehend. And no factor may be made more potent in exhibiting the possibilities of this greatest of industries than can the carefully and conscientiously conducted experiment station.

[Here the Professor illustrated his subject by referring to the experiment station of his native State.]

## JOTTINGS.

Eastern cream corn meal at E. C. Leadbetter's—very fine. Try his pickled pigs feet.

By strict attention to business and keeping first-class goods, Will Craig is building up a fine trade; all his goods are new.

Those who want a clean shave, shampoo or bath will go to John Bell's barber shop to-day—the most artistic hair cut.

There is nothing in the line of either liquors or wines that cannot be had at J. J. Becker's Chicago Saloon; also a daily hot lunch neatly served.

Don't forget that George Becker's Granite Saloon is where you will always find his peerless Pacific and Fredericksburg beer and a daily hot-soup lunch.

C. A. Thurston carries a full assortment of the best pocket cutlery, pen and pencil tablets of all sizes, the best drawing paper and a complete line of blank books.

There is nothing in the line of fresh, salt or manufactured meats that cannot be had at John Frazer's Virginia street market. All purchases neatly cut and promptly delivered.

Every passenger train coming into Reno from any direction is always met by that elegant easy-riding Riverside Hotel bus, which conveys guests and their baggage free of charge.

Bad weather does not spoil go to wood. By leaving orders with J. M. Fulton, at the N. & C. R. depot, he will have delivered at your home the very best mahogany, oak or pine wood at dry weather prices.

If you are looking for the finest cigar you ever placed between your teeth, sample those being retailed by C. J. Brooks. Try a pair of his cigars or shag, every pair of which is warranted by both manufacturer and dealer.

## Thanksgiving Day at Beckwith.

The people of Sierra Valley were all invited in observing Thanksgiving Day at Beckwith. A very pleasing program was rendered in a manner worthy of a large city. Between 150 and 200 persons were in attendance. Dancing followed the entertainment and lasted till after daylight. The supper given by Mr. and Mrs. Briggs of the Beckwith Hotel would have made a fat man hungry—every delicacy of the season was on the table.

## Two Runaways Meet With Misfortune.

Charley Lane and David Jackson left Winnemucca yesterday for California without their parents' knowledge. They boarded a freight train at night, and were stealing a ride between the cars. Forty miles west of Winnemucca Lane fell and was run over, his left side being crushed and an arm and leg broken. He was taken back and died in a few hours.

## A CALIFORNIA SENSATION.

[Petroleum Courier.] It is reported that the sales of the "California Remedy," Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla, have grown within a few months till they are now really sensational. The way the fame of this production has spread is simply marvelous. Six months ago it was unknown. To-day it is all over the country. It is authoritatively stated that they have been curing it away in San Francisco to people afflicted with dyspepsia, sick headaches, indigestion and liver troubles, not to be paid for unless it cured. Such practical tests are so startlingly convincing as to be almost sensational. It is stated that two of the active principles of the new remedy belong to the vegetable kingdom of California, and are so well known to us all under common names that it would surprise us if told them. But we are not surprised at anything Californian, and this recent discovery of the new medicinal virtues of its vegetable kingdom is but another instance of the astonishing possibilities of a soil and climate like ours.

## A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge, Munday Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother, was also very low with Malaria Fever and jaundice, but was cured by the timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilkinson of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach disorders stands unequalled. Price, 50c and \$1 at Hodgkinson's.

## The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. I you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough, cold, or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottle free at S. J. Hodgkinson's.

## Beckman's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, oozes, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. Money refunded if not perfectly satisfactory. Solely by Hodgkinson & Co., druggists.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

## GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

—OF—

## Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S.

## BOOTS AND SHOES



Don't Fail to Call and Examine Goods and Prices Before Purchasing.

Ladies' French Kid Boots reduced from \$5 to \$4, and down as low as \$2 per pair.

Ladies' Canvas Bals and Button for \$2.

Children's Shoes from 50 cents up.

Men's Wool Pants for \$3.

ALL GOODS WILL BE SOLD 20 Per Cent. Lower than Any House on the Coast.

MY MOTTO—The Greatest Value for the Least Money

J. SUNDERLAND.

MISCELLANEOUS.

## WHITE HOUSES!



Our Immense Fall Stock Has Just Arrived.

Comprising the latest and finest line of

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing

Ever exhibited in Nevada, consisting of

DRESS -- SUITS -- AND -- BUSINESS -- SUITS

In all shades, all styles and all sizes.

## Our Furnishing Goods

ARE NOBBY, NICE, NEAT.

Silk Overshirts, Cassimere Overshirts,

The best in the land.

A complete stock of Underwear (fall weights) now open for inspection.

Blankets. Blankets. Blankets.

Call and examine the largest assortment of Blankets ever brought to the State.

We also keep a

Fine Line of Buckingham & Hecht's Boots & Shoes

They are the best in the market.

For reliable goods and square dealing, call at the

WHITE HOUSE

ABRAHAM BROTHERS.

19 Commercial Row, - - Reno.

N. P. J. J. J. J.

Thompson's New Block,

Dealer in

Stoves, Hardware and Agricultural Implements.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting a Specialty.

Having had a practical experience of over thirty years in plumbing, tin and copper work, I believe that I can give satisfaction to all who may favor me, with their orders.

Estimates made and good work done at the lowest possible prices.

MARCUS FREDRICK,

DEALER IN

Tobacco, Cigars, Smokers' Materials, Etc.

Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing

A SPECIALTY.

THE -- PUBLIC -- PATRONAGE -- IS -- INVITED.

Agency for the "Reno Evening Gazette."

NEXT DOOR TO W. O. H. MARTIN'S, - - - COMMERCIAL ROW

PALACE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

## Grand Souvenir Sale

—AT THE—

PALACE

## Dry Goods and Carpet House!

INCLUDED with every Sealette garment an elegant pressed Morocco Photograph Album.

INCLUDED with every lady's Cloth garment, a handsome Autograph Album.

INCLUDED with every child's or miss' cloak, a richly painted large picture or Autograph Album.

INCLUDED with every fine dress pattern or robe, a magnificent three-folding French plate mirror or rich scrapbook.

All of these souvenirs are on exhibition in one of our windows.

## STARTLING REDUCTION!

IN CLOAKS!

WRAPS and

JACKETS!

Ladies' Sealette Jackets, real London dyed, quilted satin lining, at \$10, \$15 and higher.

Ladies' Sealette Wraps, real London dyed, quilted satin lining, at \$15, \$20 and upwards.

Ladies' Sealette Newmarkets, real London dyed, quilted satin lining, at \$40 and upwards.

Ladies' Heavy Cloth Newmarkets of latest designs, at \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10.

Ladies' and Misses' Connamara Cloaks, made of pretty striped woolen material, at once effective, stylish and cheap.

Our stock of ladies' heavy cloth Newmarkets and Jackets is immense.

## SPECIAL! SPECIAL!

Ladies' heavy Cloth Jackets at \$2 50 and upwards.

Our stock of Children's and Misses' Cloaks is very large and prices which defy competition.

## Dress Goods. Dress Goods.

Our large stock of dress goods, pattern Suits and Robes is acknowledged "the most beautiful and the lowest in price."

Being agents of the London and Alaska Seal Fur Company, we have just received the first consignment of Fine Wolf Victorines and Muffs, Fine Chinchilla Victorines and Muffs, Red Arctic Hare Victorines and Muffs.

We take orders for Sealskin Jackets, Wraps and Newmarkets, and guarantee them to fit.

Our stock of House-furnishing goods, such as Blankets, Comforters, Toilet Quilts, Table Linen, Napkins, Towels, Carpets, Linoleum and Wall Paper is complete and sold at the lowest prices. Respectfully,

The Palace Dry Goods House

Country Orders Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

## FURNITURE.



We have spent many years perfecting our Mail Order Department, and the many orders we are now receiving daily is proof that our work has met with universal satisfaction. We have just issued A Handsome, Illustrated CATALOGUE, Containing nearly 300 illustrations. It is undoubtedly the most complete furniture catalogue ever issued. The representations are truthful, and parties at a distance need not hesitate in ordering, as WE POSITIVELY GUARANTEE SATISFACTION. Year after year we have been

Child's Walking Chair. Awarded first premium at California State Fair.

PRICE, \$3 00.

We make the very finest furniture in California, which is proven by the fact that we frequently receive orders from Oakland, San Francisco and other large cities.

We also carry a Line of Cheap Medium Furniture.

Special attention is called to the fact that the freight charges from Sacramento are considerably less than from other points.

Send -- for -- Our -- Catalogue.

John Breunel FURNITURE 604, 606, & 608 K. St. SACRAMENTO.

I. FREDRICK LEADING JEWELER AND WATCHMAKER BEST OF GOODS AND WORKMANSHIP AT LOWEST PRICES

J. N. WALLACE, GROCERIES FOR THE MILLION

Wallace's Commercial Row

The Cheapest of Everything, Fresh Butter, Eggs and Country Produce a Specialty.

My Stock Cannot be Exceeded, and My prices defy competition.

CALL AND BE CONVINCED. 50711

## A CHANGE.

BROOKS, McLANE, HAVING PURCHASED the old St. Kimo, and

Re-stocked it with a Fine Stock

Wines, Liquors & Cigars,

Is prepared to serve old as well as new patrons with the very best.

BROOKS, McLANE, 508



## Assessment Notice.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE  
Light Company, a corporation, located at  
Reno, Nevada. Notice is hereby  
given that at a meeting of the Board of  
Reno Electric Light Company, held on the  
25th day of November, 1889, at the office of  
the company, an assessment (No. 7) of fifteen  
cents per share was levied upon each and  
every share of the capital stock of said com-  
pany, payable immediately in United States  
gold coin and any stock upon which said as-  
sessment shall remain unpaid on

Thursday, the 26th day of Dec., 1889,  
shall be declared delinquent, and advertised  
for sale at public auction on the 25th day of  
January, 1890, at 10 o'clock P. M., at the office  
of the Company—room No. 6, over First Na-  
tional Bank, Reno, Nevada, to pay such delin-  
quent assessment, cost of advertising and  
expenses of sale. By order of the Board of  
Reno Electric Light Company, Secretary,  
Reno, Nev., November 25, 1889.

## Notice to Creditors.

IN DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE  
of Nevada, in and for Washoe County.  
In the matter of the estate of Edwin Fowler,  
Insolvent.

Notice to Creditors of Insolvent. Pursuant  
to an order of the Hon. E. J. Bishop, Judge  
of the said District Court, notice is hereby  
given to all the creditors of the said insolvent  
Edwin Fowler to appear before the said Judge  
in open Court, at the Courtroom of said Court,  
in the town of Reno, in the County of Washoe,  
on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 10  
o'clock A. M. of that day and there to show  
cause, if any they can, why the prayer of  
said insolvent should not be granted and an  
assignment of his estate be made, and be  
discharged from his debts and liabilities in  
pursuance of the statute in such cases made  
and provided; and in the meantime all pro-  
ceedings against said insolvent be stayed.  
Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court  
this 5th day of October, 1889.

W. JULIEN, Clerk.  
(SEAL.)

## Proposals Wanted.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE  
State Agricultural Society will receive  
bids until

December 5, 1889.

For the lease of the State Fair Grounds for  
one year with the privilege of five years.  
All the conditions to be seen on application  
to the Secretary. The Board reserves the  
right to reject any and all bids. By order of  
the Board of Directors.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

## Dissolution of Partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE  
existing between S. A. Hamlin and F. W.  
Doan, under the firm name of Rexel Mill  
Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.  
F. W. Doan withdrawing from the firm. S. A.  
Hamlin will continue the business under  
the firm name of the Rexel Mill Co., and will  
collect all debts owing the late firm and pay  
all bills against the same.

S. A. HAMLIN, F. W. DOAN.

## Notice.

ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS  
against the estate of the late A. C.  
McIntosh, are requested to present the same to  
Mr. J. J. Grant at "Feed Store" on Plaza,  
without delay, as we are desirous of settling  
said estate at once. And all parties owing  
the estate can settle with and receive a re-  
ceipt for same from

J. J. GRANT, or J. J. GRANT, Jr., Executors.

W. A. MCINTOSH, Jr., Executor.

## SOCIETY MEETING

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCACTIONS OF RENO

Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at Ma-  
sonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday  
of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp.  
All sojourning companions in good standing  
are fraternally invited to attend. By order of  
the H. M. P. L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.

Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Etc

W. J. LUKE CARRIES THE BEST

class of goods to be found on this coast.

Agent for Studebaker's Fine Carriages,

which cannot be excelled; agent for Frazer's

Road Carts and Sulkeys—the best; also agent

for the U. S. Carriage Co.

The Best Horse-shoeing in Nevada.

W. J. LUKE. 9-25

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Price, \$1.25 per Year.

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Price, \$6.00 per Year.

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THE SAN FRANCISCO WEEKLY CALL

is a handsome eight-page paper. It is

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the important news of the week, gleaned

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up to date of publication. It contains in-

teresting special correspondence from all of

the principal cities of the world and a vast

amount of the best selected and original

general literature. It furnishes the latest

and most reliable financial news and mar-

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to horticultural and agricultural news, and

is in every respect a first-class family paper,

appealing to the interest of every member

of the household.

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THE WEEKLY

Gazette and Stockman

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## CROSSING THE RIVER.

## A Pathetic Little Story Based on a Railroad Accident.

Went to Sleep First, but His Faithful  
Rachel Followed Him Quickly—Both  
Were Ready to Meet Their Maker  
and to Receive Their Reward.

Engineer Dimmick, of the Chicago ex-  
press, said he had been in nervous dread  
of an accident from the moment he  
pulled out of the Lake Shore depot in  
Chicago, writes William H. Maher in  
the Toledo Blade. This had made him  
unusually careful, but as he reached  
Sherman's crossing a little behind time  
he began to lose his fear. He opened  
the throttle of old 90, intending to gain  
a few minutes in the remaining eight  
miles between there and Toledo. He  
signaled to the crossing guard, but this  
side of the crossing, when he saw a  
farmer driving furiously toward it  
as if to cross ahead of the train.

It was suicidal.  
Dimmick sent out a heart-breaking signal  
to the brakeman, reversed the en-  
gine, put on air-brakes, knowing all the  
time the train could not be stopped this  
side of the crossing, and then shut his  
eyes and prayed.

When the engine stopped a part of the  
wagon was on the headlight, the horses  
were distributed along the track and  
two old people were lying near the  
fence.

Dimmick was the first to reach them.  
They both breathed. Was there a phy-  
sician among the passengers? Yes, two.  
A hurried examination and consulta-  
tion. The man was undoubtedly fatally  
hurt; the woman probably so.

They were tenderly carried to Mr.  
Richards' house near by, and the phy-  
sicians were told that if they would stay  
until the local practitioner could be  
found a locomotive would be sent back  
for them in an hour. They agreed to  
stay. The bell rang; travelers hurried  
to their places; some with white faces  
at the thought that it might have been  
themselves; others full of the impor-  
tance a participation in the event would  
give them and their story, and others,  
forgetting themselves, thinking only of  
the sorrow brought to others.

Mr. Richards placed his house at the  
command of the physicians. Stimulants  
were administered, and when the fam-  
ily doctor and the children of the suf-  
ferers had arrived the father was moan-  
ing, but the mother had opened her  
eyes.

Late in the night, after hours of  
faithful and incessant labor over them,  
the mother spoke:  
"How is father?"

"He is still unconscious, but is well  
taken care of. Here is something for you;  
now don't worry; don't think; just go to  
sleep again." Her son spoke to her.

"I must go to father."

"You mustn't think of it, mother. You

are very badly hurt yourself. You must

be very quiet."

"I must go to father; he needs me."

The physician looked at her keenly,

in a low tone, to the son:

"I think we had better fix a place for

her near him. She will never be con-  
tent otherwise."

The son coaxed and argued with her,

but it was of no avail. They moved

her bed beside her husband's; she at-  
tempted to take his hand, but could not.

His stentorian breathing seemed to

make no impression upon her.

"Is father going to die?" she asked.

The weeping daughter nodded. "You

must keep quiet for your own sake,

mother."

"We've been married over forty-eight

years," she said to the doctor, "but

we've known each other all our lives."

"You mustn't talk, mother."

"We was raised side by side; he took

care on me when we went to school to-

gether; he's always took care on me.

Put me on my side now, so's I can see

him better."

"Mother, you must stop thinking and

talking." She paid no heed.

"Seems 't' 'twasn't but a little while

ago since we was married; but it's over

forty-eight years. We was talkin' of our

golden weddin' this very week. Ben!"

The son put his hands on her lips to

silence her, but the doctor whispered:

"Better let her talk a little. She's be-  
yond control."

The gray-headed husband seemed to

hear her call; he opened his eyes,

breathed less noisily, struggled with his

voice, and then managed to whisper:

"Rachel."

"Here I am, Benjamin; and turning

her eyes to the daughter, "put my hand

in his."

They laid her poor, wrinkled hand on

his hand, knotty fingers.

"Is this morning, Rachel?"

"No, it ain't; you just lie still. You

see, she's turning her eyes to the

others, "he thinks it's time to get up."

"Rachel!" In a very low whisper it

came.

"Yes, Ben; I'm right here beside you."

"Tell Jim to milk this morning."

"Yes, yes; that's all attended to. Can

you see me?"

"It's very light, wife, but I can't—

see you."

The doctor motioned to the children

that the end was

"Put my face on his, Susy; yes, I

know he's going, but 'twa'n't for long;

lifts me over to him."

They lifted her face to his; his eyes

opened; he smiled—and passed away.

They carried the mother back to her

own pillow and were glad to see her

quietly go to sleep.

And in that sleep she crossed the river

to her BEN.

FUNNY JOSH BILLINGS.

A Document Written by the Humors.

Over Twenty Years Ago.

That quaint humorist, Josh Billings,

penning the following letter in Carleton's

"As regards the catastrophes in my blog  
roughly thus far, I can only state that I was born  
in Massachusetts, between two mountains, in  
the year 1800. At the age of 15 the first busi-  
ness I attacked was the wool business—  
driving sheep. I had never been away before,  
and every body seemed to know more than I  
did. I saved myself, but lost the flock of sheep  
pretty thoroughly. At 18 I brought up on the  
west bank of the Mississippi, even in them  
days quite a stream. The past thirty years  
have been divided, multiplied and subtracted  
in and among the various schemes of a vagrant  
temperament supplanted in a strong, natural  
constitution, such as husbandry in the wilder-  
ness, where there was more wild bees to hunt  
than oats to cut; merchandising at the forks  
of a mud turtle with a stock of brogan  
boots, Lowell calico and whisky by the quart,  
running a high-pressure steam-boat on the  
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